



Drug-resistant Salmonella from food handlers at University of Gondar

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LAP Lambert Academic Publishing Feb 2016, 2016. Taschenbuch. Book Condition: Neu. 220x150x4 mm. This item is printed on demand - Print on Demand Neuware - During the last decade, Multi drug- resistant salmonella species have increased to a great deal, especially in developing countries. Therefore, the objective of this study is to determine the prevalence and antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of salmonella species among food handlers working at university of Gondar students' dining rooms. Descriptive statistics such as percentage, proportion, range, median and mean were applied to compute of the data. It was generated using the procedure of frequency (FREQ) and expressed in percent. In this regard, Thirteen(3.1%) were found to be positive for salmonella isolates as well as the result of antimicrobial susceptibility test that from a total of 13 isolates, 9(69.2%), 8(61.5%), 6(46.2%) and 6(46.2%) were resistant to amoxicilline, ampicilline, nitrofurantoin and tetracyclin respectively. In both addition, nearly half (46.2%) of the isolates were multi-drug resistant. However, all of them were sensitive for both ceftriaxone and gentamycine. 60 pp. Englisch.



Reviews

It is an awesome publication which i actually have ever read through. it had been writtern really properly and valuable. I found out this book from my i and dad recommended this pdf to discover.

-- Doyle Schmeler

This book is definitely not simple to begin on studying but quite fun to see. I actually have read and that i am sure that i will gonna read through yet again once again in the foreseeable future. It is extremely difficult to leave it before concluding, once you begin to read the book.

-- Brennan Koelpin